A tojóállományok prevenciójának jövője: a legújabb generációs rekombináns vakcinák alkalmazása a keltetőben



Danuta Furmanek DVM tudományos és szakmai vezető - Európa ESER régió, MSD AH

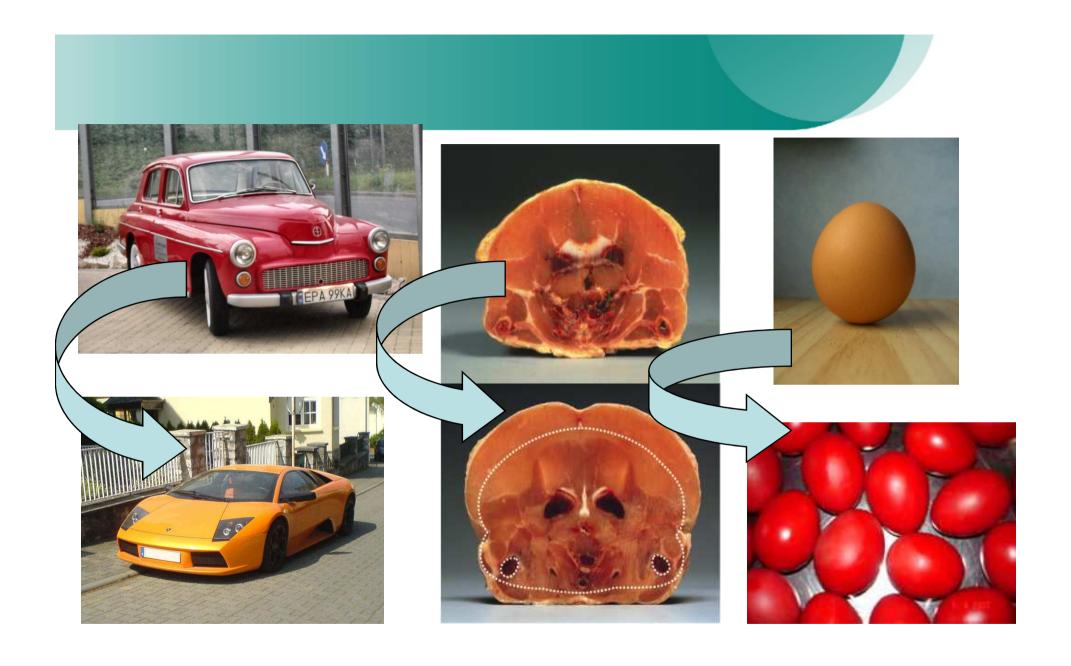


The future of prevention of Layer flocks: use of latest generation recombinant vaccines in the Hatchery

Recombinant vaccines – what does it mean..?
 30y+ of research

- 2. Advantages of using recombinant vaccines
- 3. Vaccination in long living birds



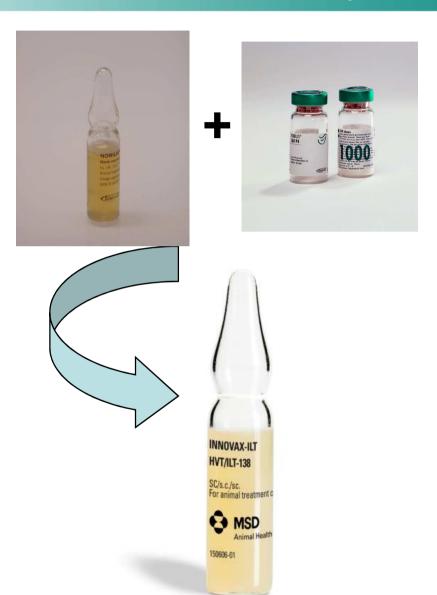


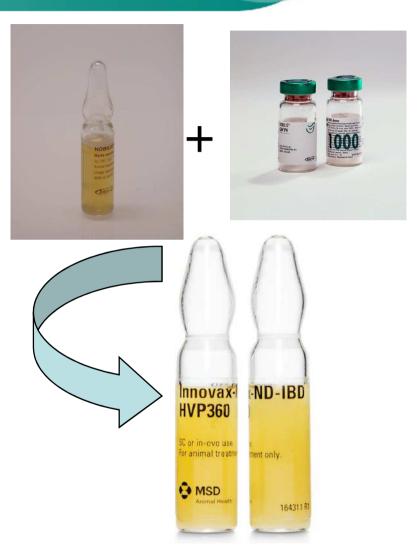
Keep abreast of the time......



Vector vaccines: Push for industry...

To produce more, more efficacciently, with more chances for ABF production







Benefits of recombinant vaccines

SECURING CONTROL OF VACCINATION

Moving field vaccination to hatchery to make it more reliable and accurate

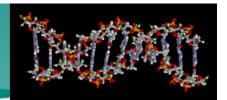
VECTOR + INSERT (S) = Multivalent vaccination without pv reations → more chances for ABF production

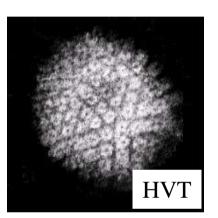
- Vector (HVT), the carrier of all genes : harmless for chickens
- Inserts not full viruses :
 cannot recombinate
 cannot reverse to virulence (no latency)
 cannot stimulate pv reactions (e.g. growth retardation / resp symptoms)



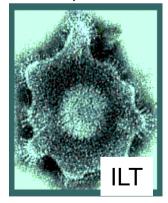


molecular engineering





Herpes virus



Herpes virus

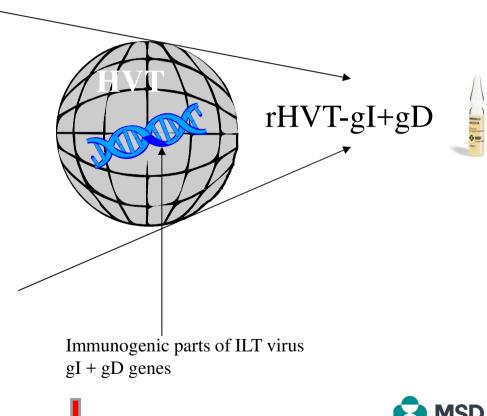


Marexine CA **Vector**



Nobilis ILT **Donor**

Innovax ILT - 2 in 1 Marek + ILT protection



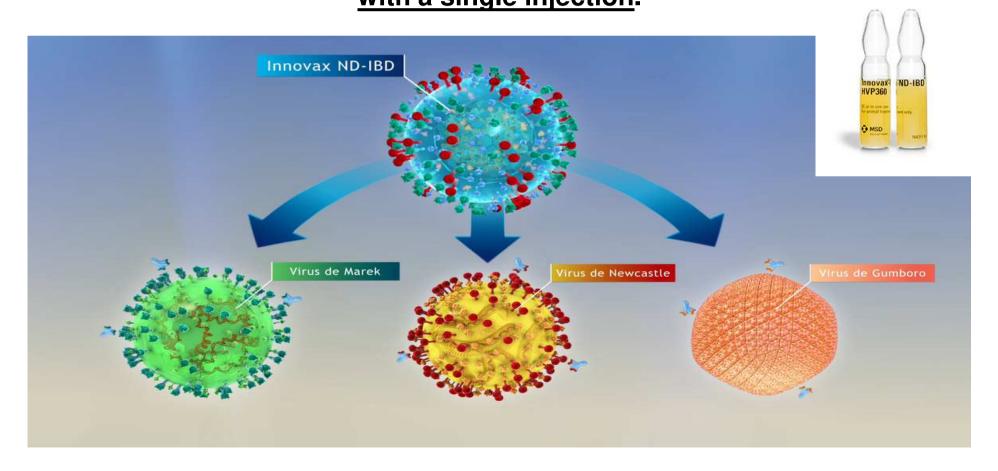




INNOVAX ND-IBD: THE FIRST DUAL-CONSTRUCT VACCINE - 3 IN 1

The first HVT vector dual construct vaccine protecting against Marek disease (HVT), Newcastle disease (ND) and Infectious Bursal Disease (IBD)

with a single injection.



Benefits of recombinat vaccines

- No negative impact on performance
- Early then persistent life-long replication within a flock
- Ease of use in ovo, s/c or i/m
- HVT fraction : protection vs Marek's disease neoplasia and immunosupression
- ILT fraction : protection vs ILT clinical signs and mortality; or inteference with IBV vaccination
- ND fraction: protection vs lento-, meso- and velogenic strains, clinical signs and mortality or inteference with IBV vaccination
- IBD fraction: protection vs variant and std strains clinics, immunosupression; protection vs IBDV without loss of lymphoid immunosupression;

Breaks through maternally derived antibody (MDA)

HVT is not neutralized by ND, ILT or IBD maternal a-bodies (MDA help to protect chicks within first weeks, before active immunity is there)

Current conventional tests to control might be dissapointing (not the whole virus)

More expensive - cost compensated by performance improvement

ROI:

1:8;1;12;1:18



POLAND, GREECE, CYPRUS, PERU, UAE (ME), PHILLIPINES





IBD vaccination:

In the field, immunity system is challenged by various factors other than IBD

- CAV
- Reovirus
- Adenovirus
- Mycotoxin

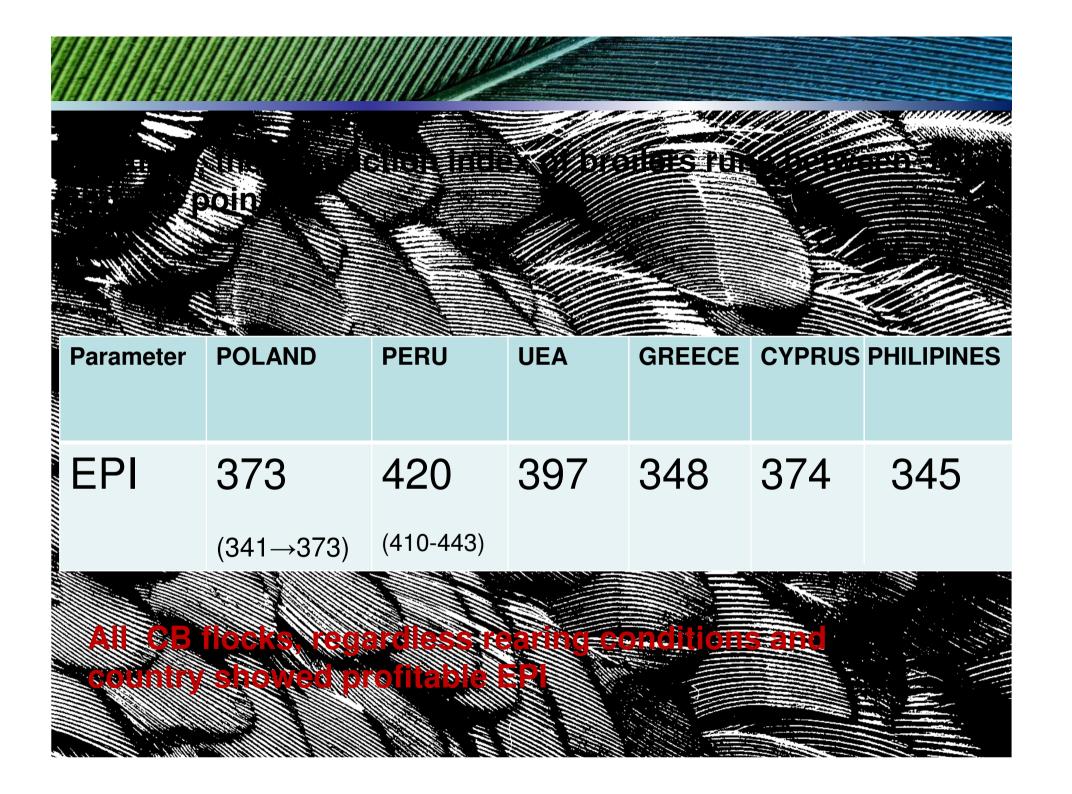
Innovax ND-IBD increases immunocompetence

- Gentle vaccine
- Allows the Bursa to fulfill its role

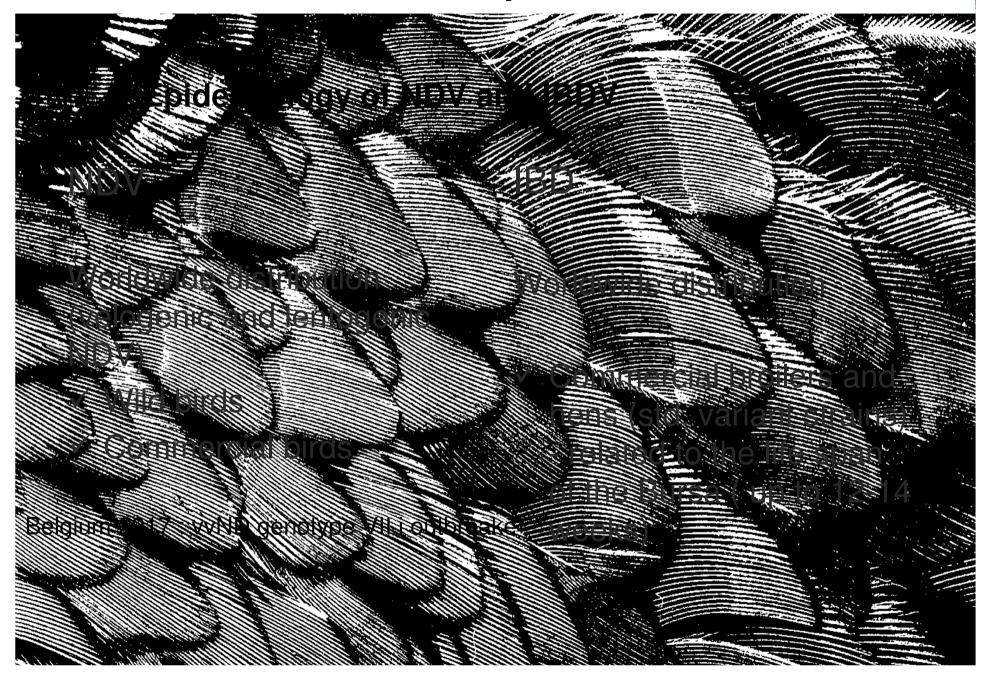


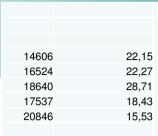
RESULTS

Param	eter F	Poland	Peru	UAE	Greece	Cyprus	
FCR		1,61	1,65	1,37	1,82	1,55	
BW g at slaug days	/	9	2914 /42	1320 / 29	2860 /43	2260 /38	
Morta %	lity 2	2.93	2.5	5.98 [×] (AI)	5.45	2.35	
Average daily gr		61,6	69,9	58,0	67,1	59,5	



Innovax ND-IBD in commercial layers?

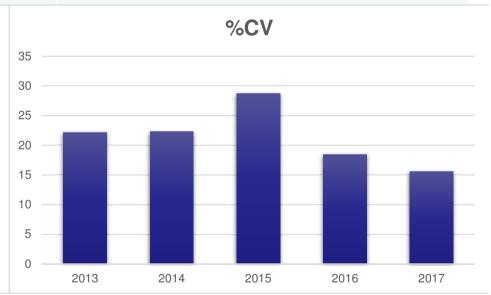




Long lived birds show what's circulating in the field

75 BB flocksx20k Ross 308 birds





day 1 Nobilis NDC2

28 d Cevac Vitapest L

55 d Clone 30

126 d (18w): Nobilis combo (ND included)



Lab Report

Diagnostic Services Laboratory

Poultry Diagnostic & Research Center 953 College Station Road

Athens, GA 30605

Phone: 706-542-5657 Fax: 706-542-0252

Email: pdrc@uga.edu

Report To: MSD AH Intervet Sp. zoo

ATTN: Danuta Furmanek

Ul. Chlodna 51 Warsaw, 00867

Poland 48 /605-2753

Case #: 125701

Ref#: Poland

Date: 06/18/18

PO#: **7100262448**

Grower: Hs: Flk:

Complex: Age: 6.0

Species: CB

Company:

Breed: Ross 308

Email: Danuta.furmanek@merck.com

piotr.stachow@merck.com

VIRAL PCR

Sample ID S# TEST DESCRIPTION RESULTS ISOLATE COMPLETED

FTA-Bursa

1 Inf. bursal disease virus

The original IBDV RT-PCR for this sample was negative using the IBDV VP2 primer set. An additional RT-PCR using primers VP2 FP1 and RP4 (amplifies a larger piece of VP2). The second RT-PCR was performed based on clinical signs consistent with IBDV and the negative result using the first pair of primers.

The FTA-bursa sample was positive for IBDV by RT-PCR using primers VP2 FP1 and RP4.

The amino acid sequence of the IBDV VP2 product was 99.9% similar to vvIBDV strains.

Final results



Lab Report

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Ul. Chlodna 51 Warsaw, 00867

Poland 48 /605-2753 Case #: 125886 Ref#: **Poland** Date:

07/05/18 PO#:

> Hs: Flk:K1

> > Age: 6.0

7100262448

Company: Merck Animal Health

Complex:

Species: L Breed:

Grower:

Danuta.furmanek@merck.com Email:

sylwia.doner@merck.com

Specimens Submitted

1 FTA Filter paper

Tests Requested

IBDV PCR

Reason For Submission

Vet Service: Andrzej Sadowski DVM

Warszawa, Poland

Hemorrhages in muscles, hemorrhages between proventriculus and gizzard. Bursas are very small, vet is suspecting IBD. Decreased feed/ water intake for about 3 days and after that normal. Mortality is ~30%- a situation has now stabilized.

Sampled: 15/05/2018

Please additionally write on invoice: PL 526 18 92 773

syrwia.doneremerck.com

VIRAL PCR

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FTA-Bursa

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The FTA-bursa sample was positive for IBDV by RT-PCR.

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strains.

Final results

CL – vaccination program

AGE	Disease	Vaccine	Route of aplication
1 d	MD	Nobilis Rismavac CA 126	i.m./ s.c
	ND +IB	Nobilis Ma 5 Nobilis C2	spray
1 w	coccidiosis	Paracox	p.o.
14 d	IB	Nobilis IB 4/91	spray
14– 17 d	IBD	Nobilis Gumboro D78	dw
21 - 28 d	IBD	Nobilis Gumboro D78	dw
4 w	ND	Nobilis Clone 30	spray/dw
6 w	SG (SE+ST)	Nobilis SG 9R	s.c.
	or/and ILT	Nobilis ILT	e.d.
8 w	ND+IB	Nobilis Ma 5 + Clone 30	spray/dw
10 w	IB	Nobilis IB 4/91	spray
12 w	SG	Nobilis SG 9R	s.c.
	or/and ILT	Nobilis ILT	e.d.
13 w	AE	Nobilis AE 1143	dw
16 w	IB+ND+EDS	Nobilis IB+ND+EDS	i.m.
		(RT+IBmulti+ND+EDS)	

^{*} Option: Nobilis MG 6/85 aerosol – 14 - 16 woa



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Cautions:

- HVT does not spread horizontally missed bird is missed for MD but also for ILT/ND-IBD
- Double HVT vaccination (competition)
- Storage and coverage (hatchery vaccination) vaccination error
- Vaccine fractioning may compromise protection
- Sometimes is necessary to complete with traditional programs (ILT CEO/TCO; LaSota;C2)



Possible reasons of failures (ILT outbreaks)

- Poor biosecurity (MD field infection before onset of immunity)
- Poor vaccination technique (vaccine storage, preparation, administration – vaccination error)
- ILT: Concurrent diseases as outbreak predisposing factor (MS, MG, IB, TRT?), high field pressure – older, conventional vaccine vaccinated flock in close neighbourhood, etc.



Thank you for attention









